

A few observations

Steven Ramage, GEO Secretariat, Prague, Czech Republic, 7 June 2018



Coordinating In Situ Observations

GEO's Role

What is GEO doing terms of coordinating in-situ observations globally?

GEO is addressing the terrestrial domain since this is perceived to be the least coordinated area, numerous activities in atmospheric and ocean observations.

GCOS has identified this area in their Implementation Plan, which can guide the GEO community.

Need to resource GEO in situ task.







Group on Earth Observations

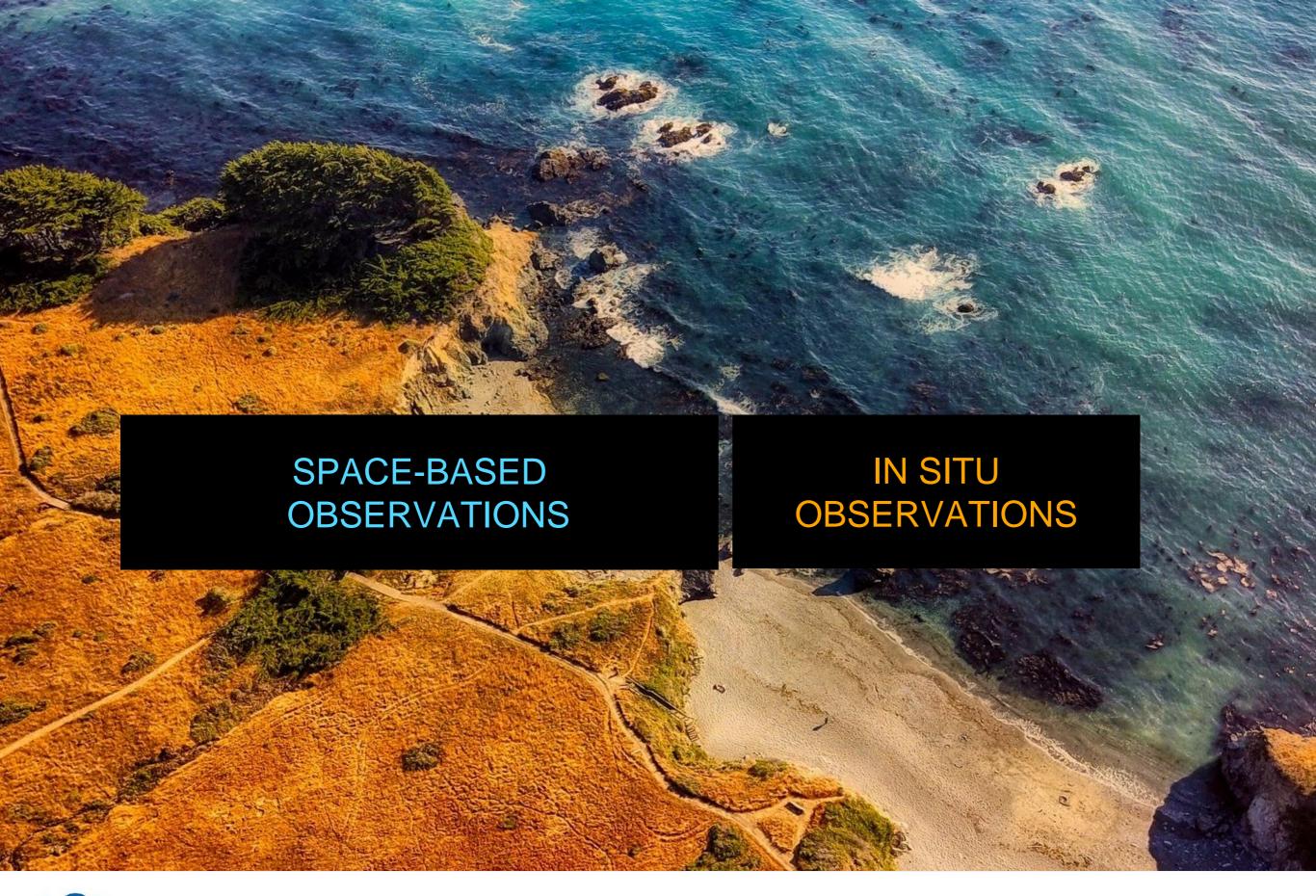
An overview

What is GEO?

GEO is an intergovernmental partnership working to improve the availability, access and use of open Earth observation data and information for the benefit of society globally.







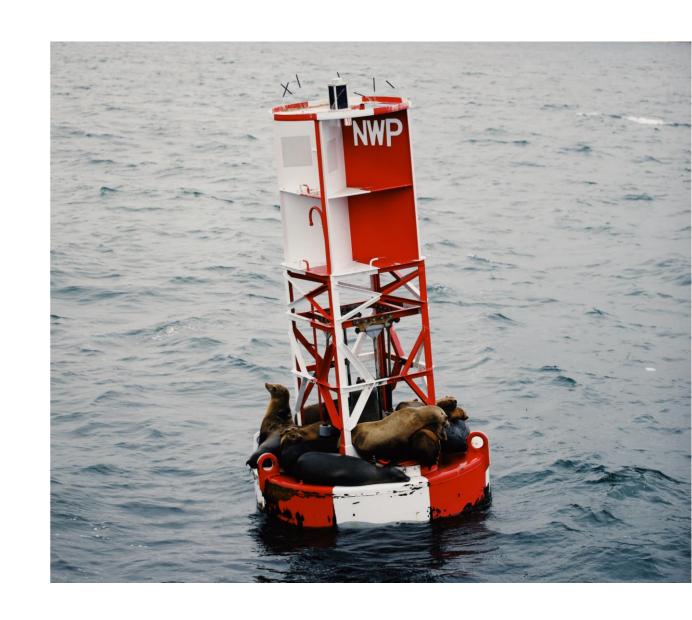


In Situ and Remote Sensing

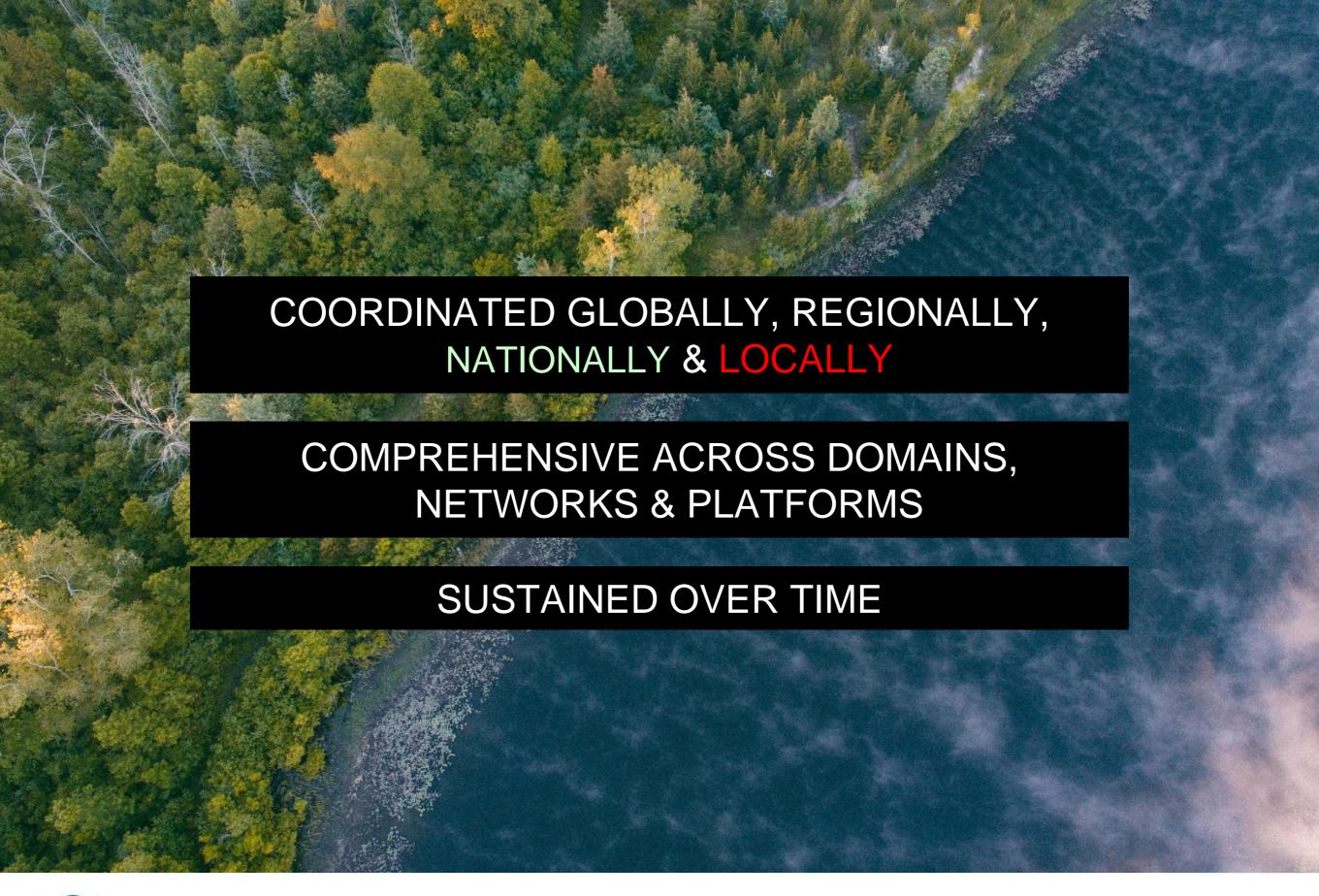
How do situ observations compare to space-based observations?

In situ observations are important for validating remotely-sensed information.

Agencies and others rely on "ground truth" data to be able to provide accuracy estimates.









Coordinating In Situ Observations

What's needed

What is needed in terms of coordinating in-situ observations globally?

There is no shortage of observations or in situ observation networks. This diversity of networks can be beneficial, however the spatial, temporal and thematic coverage is uneven, and coordination and interoperability of the existing networks is limited.







Societal Benefit Areas

GEO works across 8 Societal Benefit Areas to find solutions for global challenges.

Climate change and its impacts cut across all areas.



Biodiversity and Ecosystem Sustainability



Disaster Resilience



Energy and Mineral Resource Management



Food Security and Sustainable Agriculture



Public Health Surveillance



Transport



Sustainable Urban Development



Water Resources Management



GEO IN NUMBERS





GEOSS

What is GEOSS?

GEOSS is a set of coordinated, independent and open Earth observation collection, information and processing systems.

What does GEOSS do?

GEOSS links observing systems to strengthen monitoring of the state of the Earth, ensuring that data is accessible and interoperable.

Why does GEOSS matter?

GEOSS increases our understanding of Earth processes, and enhances predictive capabilities that underpin sound decision-making.





GEOSS Platform

Global Earth Observation System of Systems

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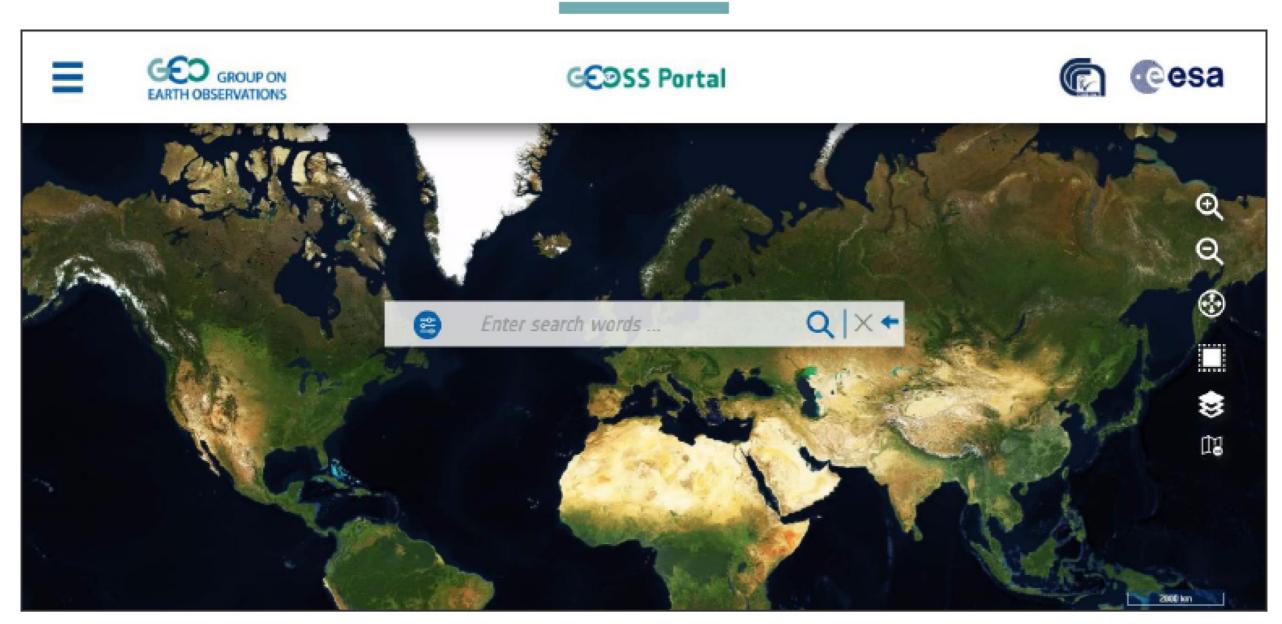
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GEOSS

Global Earth Observation System of Systems



www.geoportal.org



GEOSS Portal

Global Earth Observation System of Systems



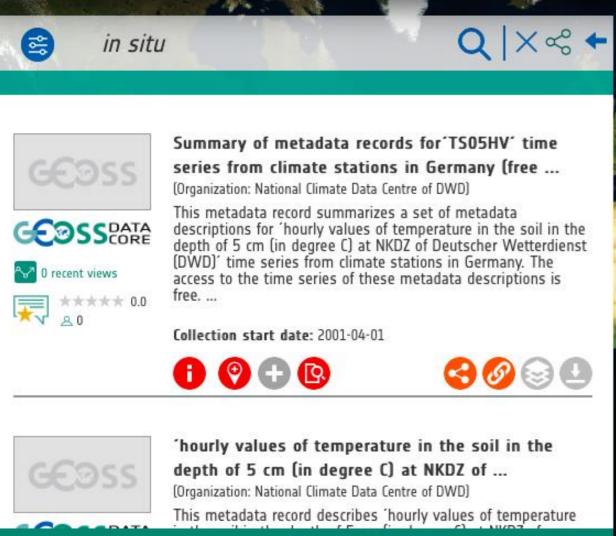




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Group on Earth Observations

Engagement priorities

What are GEO's priorities?

GEO's global priorities include supporting the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the Paris Climate Agreement and the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction.











70+:FLAGSHIPS, INITIATIVES & COMMUNITY ACTIVITIES
SCORES OF COUNTRIES
THOUSANDS OF COLLABORATORS
HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS INVESTED
IMPACT ON BILLIONS OF LIVES



















GEO Global Agricultural Monitoring Initiative (GEOGLAM)

GEOGLAM is working to fight food insecurity.

By using Earth observations, GEOGLAM reinforces the international community's capacity to produce and disseminate relevant, timely and accurate projections of agricultural production at national, regional and global scales.







GEO Biodiversity Observation Network (GEO BON)

GEO BON contributes to effective management of the world's biodiversity and ecosystem services.

Over 100 governments and organizations are collaborating through GEO BON to organize and improve terrestrial, freshwater and marine biodiversity observations globally.





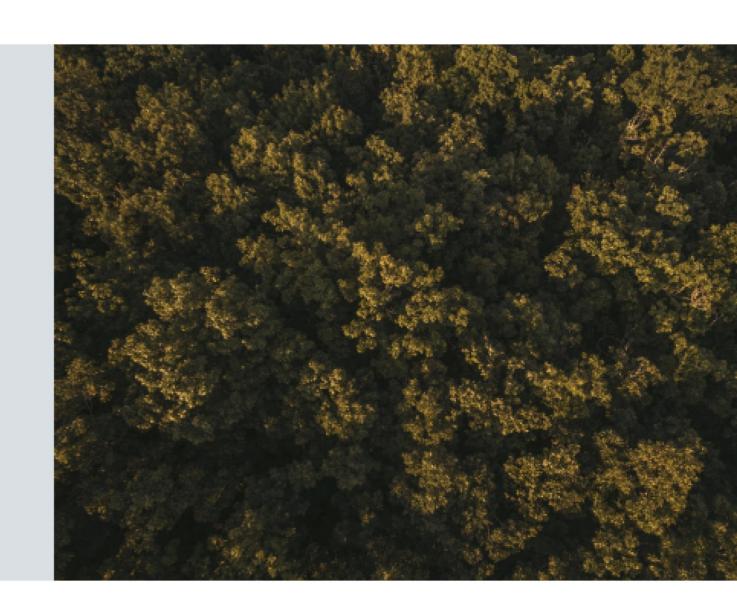


Global Forest Observation Initiative (GFOI)

GFOI helps countries measure and monitor forests for REDD+.

GFOI supports REDD+ countries to develop their national forest monitoring systems and associated emissions measurement, reporting and verification procedures.







Global Observation System for Mercury (GOS4M)

GOS4M contributes to the tracking of mercury released in the environment.

GOS4M facilitates cooperation of governments and institutions tracking chemical pollutants and fosters the adoption of advanced sensors in monitoring mercury and its compounds.







GEO Work Programme

GEO Blue Planet









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Observation programmes

Programme Name	Acronym	Geographic Region	Satellite	In situ
Argo	<u>Argo</u>	Global		Х
AtlantOS	<u>AtlantOS</u>	Regional (Atlantic Ocean)	х	Х
California Cooperative Oceanic Fisheries Investigations	<u>CalCOFI</u>	Regional (California)		Х
Chlorophyll Globally Integrated Network	ChloroGIN	Global	х	х



GEO Work Programme

GEO Blue Planet

Copernicus Marine Environment Monitoring Service	CMEMS	Regional (Europe)	X	X
European Multidisciplinary Seafloor and Water Column Observatory	EMSO	Regional (Europe)		х
European Global Ocean Observing System	EuroGOOS	Regional (Europe)		Х
Global Climate Observing System	<u>GCOS</u>	Global	X	X
Global Ocean Acidification Observing Network	GOA-ON	Global		X
Global Ocean Ship-based Hydrographic Investigations Program	GO-SHIP	Global		Х
Integrated Marine Observing System	IMOS	Regional (Australia)		X
International Ocean Carbon Coordination Project	<u>IOCCP</u>	Global		х



GEO Work Programme

In-Situ Observation Resources













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GEO 2017-2019 Work Programme

GEOSS In-Situ Earth Observation Resources

Overview Activity ID: 134

This task will analyze the current state, trends, needs, and assess gaps (geographical coverage, temporal and spatial resolution, etc.) for in-situ observing systems and networks, as they constitute a key element of GEO/GEOSS. The task will put particular focus on coordination and access to data and will provide various coordination opportunities in order to sustain and strengthen existing and planned ones, to advocate for new systems, and to encourage integration and linkages to meet user requirements which will be strongly linked with the GEO User Needs and Gaps Foundational Task and build on other on-going requirements processes outside of GEO.



GEO Secretariat

In-Situ Project Officer

Terms of Reference: Project Officer for In-Situ Earth Observations Coordination

The In-Situ Earth Observation Coordination
Foundational Task brings together the international, regional and national entities to promote and coordinate in-situ observing systems with the aim of supporting the GEO mission, with a particular emphasis on GEO's engagement priorities that support global efforts on Sustainable Development Goals, the Paris Agreement on Climate Change, and the Sendai Agreement for Disaster Risk Reduction. The work of the Foundational Task is led by a Task Team comprised of representatives from those GEO Members and Participating Organizations that have agreed to contribute to this Task.

















PRIVATE SECTOR ROLES

Data providers



Value added providers

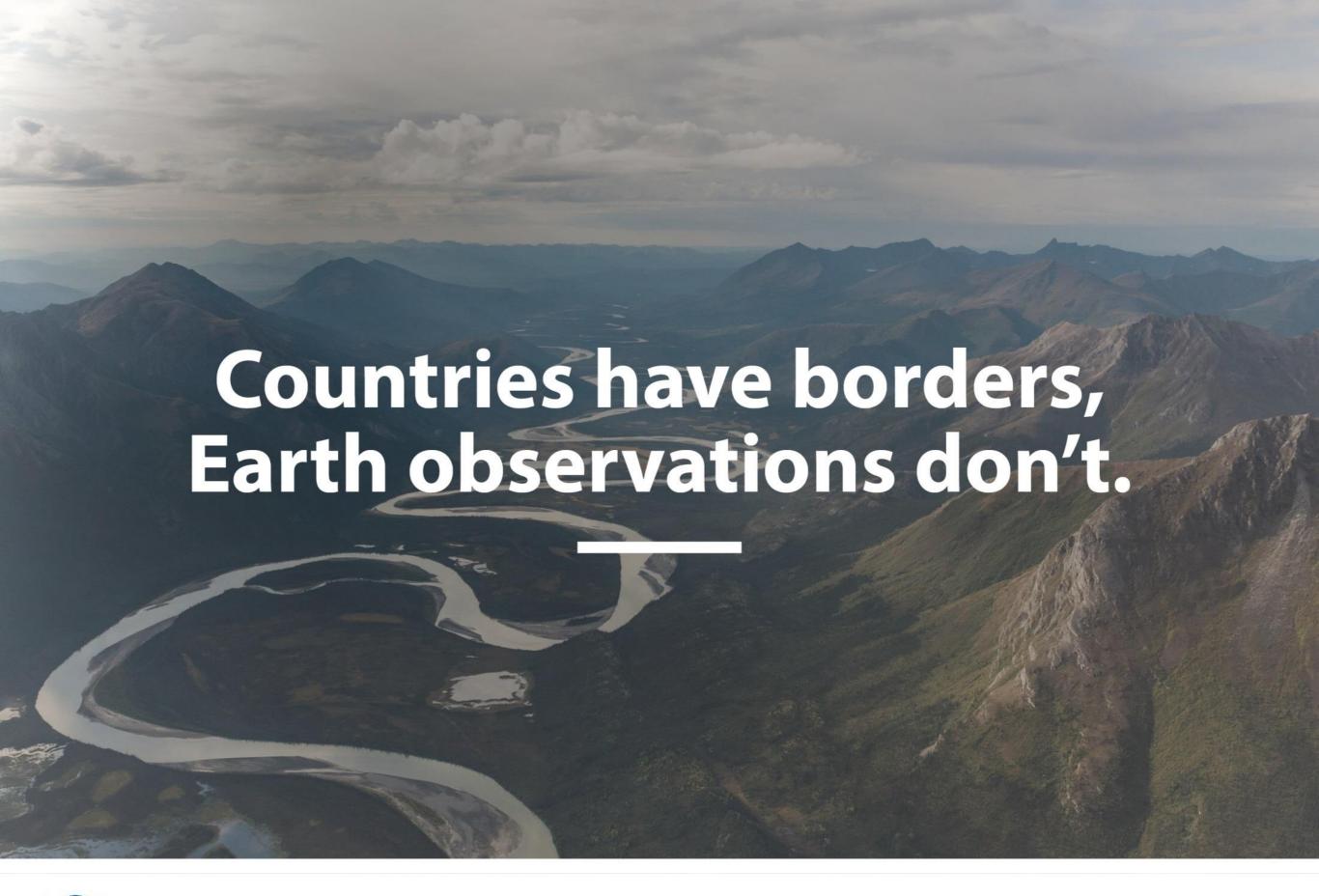


Downstream users











Thank You

Communicate and Collaborate with GEO:











